# **Sturgeon River Watershed Alliance**

## Watershed Technical Studies



#### **Presented by:**

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# **State of Report**

- Completed in 2012 by the City of St. Albert.
- Assessed overall ecological health using 15 indicators and gave an overall grade of FAIR.
  - Establish a municipally led watershed group
  - Fill information gaps by completing technical studies
  - ✓ Develop an Integrated
    Watershed Management Plan



# **Information Gaps**

- SRWA partnership secured over \$500,000 in grants
- NSWA coordinated grants and consultants for 8 technical studies and 3 technical bulletins
- All reports available on <u>www.nswa.ab.ca</u>



## **Information Gaps**



- 1. Surface Water Quantity
- 2. Groundwater Overview
- 3. Water Quality and Aquatic Health
- 4. Riparian Areas
- 5. Land Planning Tools

## Surface Water Quantity



#### Findings:

- Annual flow variability follows decadal weather pattern
- Water Licences show a net allocation of 13% of annual flows
- Instream flow needs may not be met in summer months (July-August) almost every third year

## **Surface Water Quantity**



Figure 3. Annual flow volumes at the mouth of the Sturgeon River, near Fort Saskatchewan. Data from Alberta Environment and Parks.



## **Instream Flow Needs**



#### **Desktop Instream Flow Needs:**

- Not met in up to 35% of years,
- Most significant in weeks 25-30 (June-July)
- Second most significant in weeks 31-39 (Aug-Sept)

## Groundwater

#### Findings:

- High density of groundwater wells in subwatershed
- Surficial geology connects groundwater to surface water and influences river flow and lake levels more than thought
- Recharge/Discharge areas, and their influence on surficial groundwater levels, are important to consider when planning development





Clifford E. Lee Nature Sanctuary

By: Alex Oiffer, M.Sc., P.Geol.

January 2019

# Groundwater

- Significant groundwater well density
- Rural drinking water wells



## Groundwater



- Surficial Geology creates complex interaction between groundwater and surface water
- Carvel pitted delta / Buried Valley deposits / Lake Edmonton deposits

## **Surface Water Quality**

#### Findings:

- River/lakes are nutrient rich
- Oxygen levels poor in upper and lower reaches
- High level of salinity / salts at some sites
- Macroinvertebrates and fish diversity reflex habitat variation and oxygen levels
- Human health issues (blue green algae, bacteria, fish consumption)







Charette Pell Poscente



### Water Quality – Nutrients (Spring)



#### www.cppenv.ca



### Water Quality – Salts (Winter)



www.cppenv.ca



# Aquatic Health

Factors Assessed:

- River morphology
- Aquatic Vegetation
- Macroinvertebrates
- Fish Assessment



White sucker (Catostomus commersoni) at M5



Figure C-2: Cross-section of transect 2 at Station M2.

## Aquatic Ecosystem Assessment

Metric	M1	M2	М3	M4	M5	M6	M7	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12
Shade	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	1
Macrophyte cover	2	2	1	3	2	2	2	3	1	3	2	2
Bank undercutting	2	2	1	1	2	2	3	1	1	1	1	1
Organic substrate	2	2	2	3	2	3	1	2	1	3	2	3
Habitat diversity	2	2	2	3	1	1	2	2	2	3	2	3
Total phosphorus	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
Total nitrogen	1	1	1	3	3	2	2	3	1	2	2	3
Dissolved oxygen	1	3	1	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3
Total score	13	15	10	19	16	17	18	19	12	17	16	18
Score relative to maximum possible score of 24% <sup>1</sup>	31	44	13	69	50	56	63	69	25	56	50	63

Note. <sup>1</sup> Red = 1-25% (low quality); Orange = 26-50% (below average quality); Yellow = 51-75% (above average quality); Green (not present) = 76-100% (high quality).



## **Riparian Conditions**

Prepared by:

ERA

iological Consulting



Project 1762 July2018 Prepared for:



Findings:

- Almost 1800 kms of riparian shorelines assessed
- 45.6% very low or low intactness
- 54.4% moderate or high intactness
- Less healthy riparian area means less water quality filtering capability, less 'sponginess' and less wildlife habitat
- Management tools including riparian setback policies, riparian conservation and restoration efforts, incentive programs for landowners





**Proportion (%) of Shoreline Length Assessed** 

Waterbody Name

## **Policy and Plan Alignment**

#### **Findings**

- Policies, programs, development standards vary between municipalities
- Edmonton Regional Board Natural Living Systems Objectives
- Developments are often looked at individually, rarely cumulatively or at watershed scale

#### Key Take Away:

 Opportunities for alignment (floodplains and shorelines, top of bank determinations, riparian setbacks, protection of environmentally sensitive areas such as wetlands)



## Priorities and Next Steps 2021 - 2023

- > Riparian and Wetland Conservation and Restoration Strategies
- > Water Quality/Aquatic Ecosystem Monitoring Program
- Watershed Planning Alignment and Tools (flood risk areas, riparian setbacks, environmentally sensitive areas, overlay maps)
- Communications and Engagement (Educational forums, workshops, information resources)

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## Thank You ! Questions?

www.nswa.ab.ca



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